



<p>This half term: Skills, Knowledge and Understanding to be developed:</p> <p>Skills (students <u>will be able to</u> by the end of the Learning Programme): To draw electric and gravitational field lines of a charged and mass objects. Students will be able to calculate the field strength, potential and forces when having two charged or mass particles.</p> <p>Knowledge (students <u>will know</u> by the end of the Learning Programme): How to distinguish the differences between the properties of electrical and gravitational fields.</p> <p>Understanding (students <u>will demonstrate</u> their understanding): By answering past A2 exam papers on the subject electrical and gravitational field of force.</p>		<p>Key Terms/Words: Electric, Gravitational, Field, Potential, Intensity, Equipotential lines, Work, Permittivity of free space</p>	
<p>LP 3 – Week 1 & 2 Learning Outcomes:</p> <p>Mock Exam – Unit 3 Paper</p> <p>Lesson 1 - Students will be able to identify the features of electric and gravitational fields.</p> <p>Lesson 2 - Students will know that the gravitational field outside spherical bodies such as the Earth is essentially the same as if the whole mass were concentrated at the centre.</p>	<p>Assessment</p> <p>Mock Exam</p> <p>Mark</p> <p>Grade</p>	<p>Success criteria:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Students will draw electric and magnetic field lines. Students will draw equipotential lines of magnetic and electric field. 	<p>Homework LP 3 1 / 3</p>
<p>LP 3 – Week 3 & 4 Learning Outcomes:</p> <p>Lesson 3 - Students will know how field lines (or lines of force) giving the direction of the field at a point, thus, for a positive point charge, the field lines are radially outward.</p> <p>Lesson 4 – Students will understand what an equipotential surfaces is and how they have equal potential and therefore spherical for a point of charge.</p> <p>Lesson 5 – Students will be able to calculate electrical field strength or intensity of a charged particle by using the equation $E = \frac{Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r^2}$</p> <p>Lesson 6 – Student will be able to calculate the potential charge of an electrical field and understand the relationship between potential and electrical field strength.</p> <p>Students will apply and demonstrate new knowledge and skills in APP1 assessment</p>	<p>Assessment</p> <p>APP1</p> <p>Mark</p>	<p>Success criteria:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Students will calculate the electrical field strength by answering past exam papers. Students will calculate the work by two interactive charged particles. <p>APP1 (10 marks)</p>	<p>Homework LP3 2 / 3</p> <p>Revise for APP1</p>
<p>LP 3 – Week 5 & 6 Learning Outcomes:</p> <p>Lesson 7 – Students will be able to calculate the work done between two interacting charged particles by bringing a unit positive charge from infinity to that point.</p> <p>Lesson 8 – Students will be able to calculate the forces between charged particles by looking at Coulomb’s law.</p> <p>Lesson 9 – Students will know how to calculate gravitational field strength or intensity by using the equation $F = G \frac{M_1 M_2}{r^2}$</p> <p>Lesson 10 – Students will know how to calculate the gravitational potential energy of an object by using the equation $V_g = - \frac{GM}{r}$</p>		<p>Success criteria:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Students will calculate the gravitational field of a mass. Students will calculate the potential energy of a mass. Students will calculate the forces interacting between two masses. 	<p>Homework LP 3 3/3</p> <p>Prepare for SA</p>

LP3 – Week 7 Learning Outcomes:

Lesson 11 – Students will know how to calculate the potential at a point due to a point mass in terms of the work done in bringing a unit mass from infinity to that point.

Lesson 12 – Students will be able to calculate the forces between masses by using the equation $F = \frac{G M_1 M_2}{r^2}$

Lesson 13 – Students will know that the field strength at a point is given by the $E = -$ slope of the $V_E - r$ graph at that point.

Lesson 14 – Students will know that the field strength at a point is given by $g = -$ slope of the $V_g - r$ graph at that point.

Success criteria:

1. Students will analyse and calculate the gradient of line of the graph to calculate the value of electrical potential field and gravitational potential field.